



Current MRCS Flood Forecasting System and Plan for Improvement

Third Annual Flood Forum Vientiane, Lao PDR 7-8 April 2005





To introduce to the current flood forecasting system in the MRC Secretariat and the plan for improvement

Today 's Topics

- 1. Background
- 2. MRCS Flood Forecasting System
- **3. Plan for Improvement**

1.Background

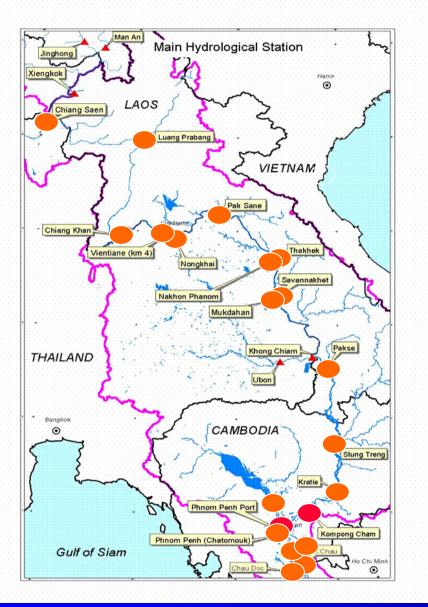


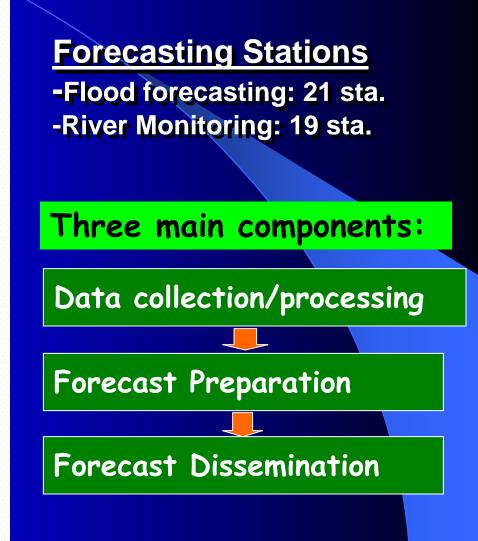
- The basin-wide river forecast since 1970, called by severe flood in 1966, carried out mainly by Hydrology Group
- The Flood Forecasting Core Team (FFCT) was established in June 2001, comprising of 7 staff, 4 advisors => 5 staff and 3 advisors

River Monitoring	Flood Forecasting
7-day River Monitoring	5-day Flood Forecasting
Nov. – Jun.	Jun. – Oct.
Weekly forecast	Daily forecast
Update weekly on MRC webpage	Update daily on MRC webpage, e- mail to NMCs and concerned line agencies

2. MRCS Flood Forecasting System







Flood Forecasting System Data collection, Analysis, Provision of Forecasts issemination Web site, bulletin, email, fax, radio, Hydrological Stations telephone, etc. Contractor - Contractor Rainfall Estimation/ Forecast

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2.1 Data collection, processing and transmission





1. Historical data (hydro-met data)

- Historical meteorological data in HYMOS database
 - Historical hydrological data in HYMOS database

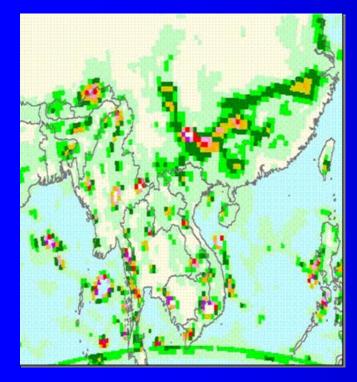


Near real time data (water level and rainfall)

- 43 stations in LMB and 2 stations in China, June-October, sending by email to MRCS
- 19 stations in LMB, November-June, sending by email to MRCS Rainfall estimation and forecast from other sources; e.g. USGS/NOAA,



An interpretation and analysis of all available weather data like satellite images, rainfall estimation, forecasts from various sources, including those from USGS/NOAA, TRMM, TMD...



Rainfall estimation and forecast from USGS/NOAA



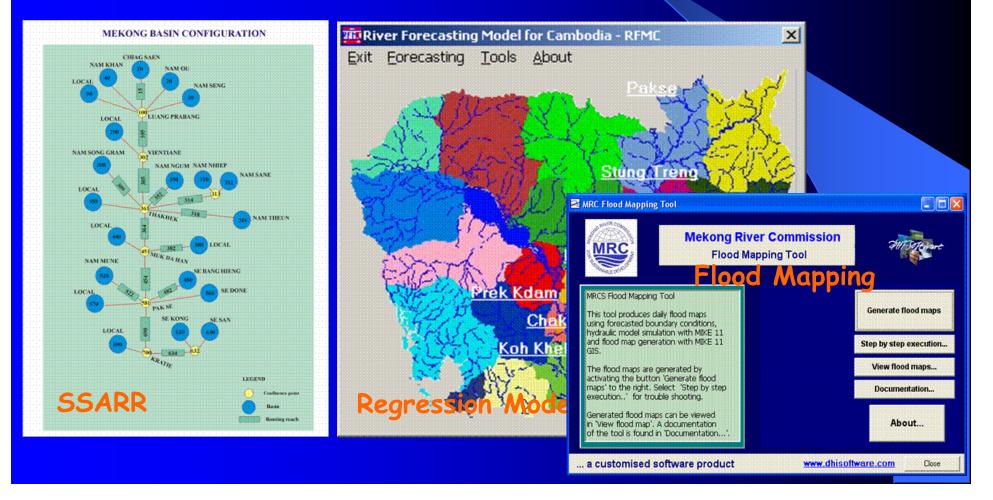
Mekong sub-basin

MM5 nil+2

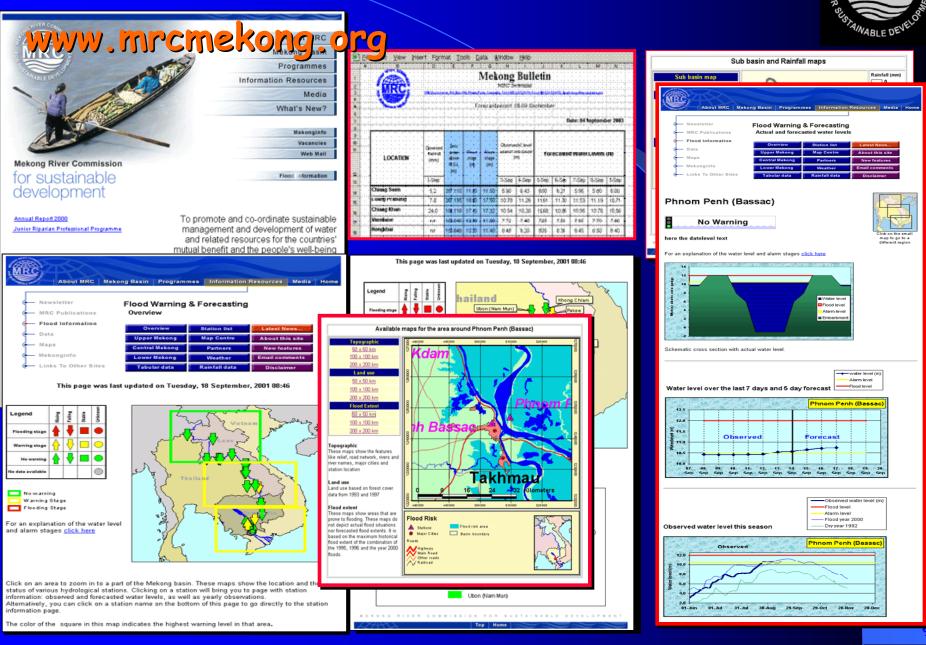
Rainfall by sub-basin

2.2 Forecast preparation:

- SSARR (Streamflow Synthesis And Reservoir Regulation) model used to upper part (from Chiang Saen to Pakse)
- Regression models used for the lower reach of the delta with over bank flow (from Stung Treng to Tan Chau/Chau Doc)
- For flood mapping in Mekong Delta used Mike-11.



2.3 Forecast dissemination:



3. Plan for Improvement



3.1. Improved operational forecasting:

- Review of existing system: problems encountered and measures to cope with
- Re-calibration and modification of existing models with new updated additional real-time data
- Increasing accuracy and lead time by incorporation of real time data from main tributaries, rainfall estimation/ forecast and by use of appropriate methods, techniques in an integrated way.
- Probabilistic forecast and medium, long term (10 day monthly) forecast
- Flood forecasting in the tributaries
- New forecasting tools

3. Plan for Improvement (con't)



3.2. Improved monitoring:

- Review the basin-wide station network for flood forecasting/river monitoring system
- Improve the quality and coverage of hydro-met input data and real-time data transmission (more frequent in flood season, e.g. 2 - 4 readings/day)
- Develop standard format to automate the data exchange, transmission, processing and operational database (AHNIP and Mekong-HYCOS, etc.)
- Improve capacity for acquisition and processing of satellite weather information, forecast from various sources

3. Plan for Improvement (con't)



3.3 Improved dissemination:

- Provide flood forecasts: river, flood plain water level, flow, inundation map, etc. by fax, email, web pages, radio (RANET from AFN)
- Warning messages related to evacuation, protection, using all available tools, including MRC-OFDA floodrelated project, ECHO and other projects.



Thank you for your attention!