# Regional Workshop on IKMP -MRC Discharge and Sediment Monitoring and Geomorphological Tools for the Mekong Basin

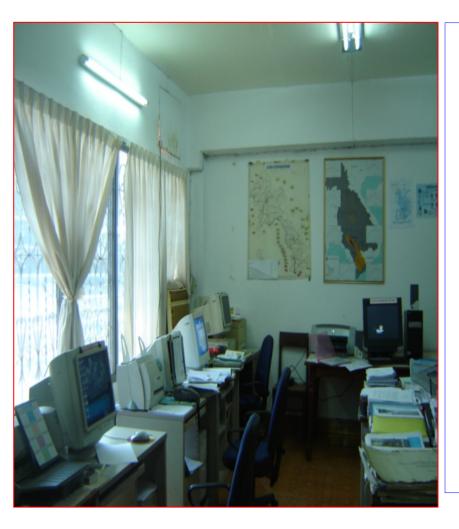


#### Contents



- 1. General Information
- 2. Discharge Measurement
- 3. Sediment Sampling
- 4. Conclusion and Recommendations

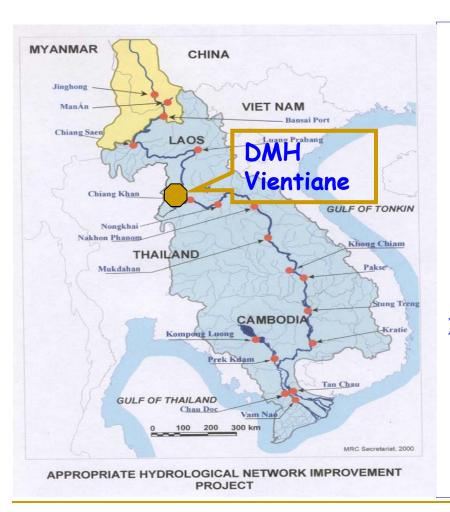
#### 1. General Information



Department of Meteorology and Hydrology is responsible for Hydro-meteorological data collection in Lao PDR.

Before year 2003, The Waterways Administration Division DoR/MCTPC was responsible some station along the Mekong river

#### 1. General Information (Cont)



- The organizational structure of the Department of Meteorology and Hydrology (DMH) is composed of two levels: the Central level and the Provincial level
- At the central level is composed of:
- Administration and Personnel Division

# 1. General Information (Cont)

- > Technical Management Division
- > Weather Forecasting and Aeronautical Division
- Meteorological Network and Earthquake Management Division
- Hydrological Division
- > Climate Division

### 1. General Information (Cont)

- The provincial level called the hydrometeorological provincial services is composed of 16 provinces and 1 special zone
- which manage all hydro-meteorological stations

# 2. Discharge Measurement



- Discharge measurement along Mekong river has been started since 1960s
- The important of discharge and sediment are for the design, planning, construction and management of the infrastructure in agriculture, irrigation and industrial development projects.

- Method: Convectional
- By using: Mean section method for Mekong River, and
- Mid section method for tributaries





- The measurement of discharge by current meter is of the area-velocity type where both factors, area and velocity, are directly measured at the same time.
- The product obtained by multiplying the area of a cross section and the velocity constitutes the flow discharge of that section.



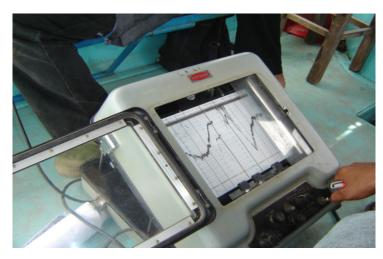


- There are different types of current meters used to measure velocity at vertical points such as the Propeller Type (A-OTT, Valeport, Neyrpic and Scientific) and the Cup Type/Gurley type
- Discharge measurements are made on boat or by wading on the river, or by using a cable.





- Frequency 20
   measurements for the
   tributaries
- Frequency 38
   measurements for
   Mekong river and
- The flow velocity is measured by two methods; i.e., the two vertical points method (0.2 and 0.8 depth)





- and the three vertical points method (0.2, 0.6 and 0.8 depth).
- Depth in vertical is measured by using Echo sounder-Raytheon
- Position of measuring boat in verticals are measured by using a sextant



- Discharge measurement station: 33 stations
- Jion Lao-Thai Discharge measurement: 7 stations
- Totally: 40 stations

#### List of Discharge Measurements

No.	River-Stations	Agency	Equipment					
			Current Meter	Boat	Sextant	Cable		
	I. Luangphabang Centre	-1						
1	Mekong-Luangphabang	WAD	AOTT, Nyerpic No.1856	Boat (N/A)	Sextant			
2	Nam Ou-Muang Ngoy	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (Available)		Cable		
3	Nam Suang-Ban Sieou	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)		Cable		
4	Nam Pa-Kokvan	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)		Cable		
5	Nam Khan-Pakbak	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)		Cable		
6	Nam Khan-Ban Mixay	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (Available)		Cable		

#### List of Discharge Measurements (cont.)

	II. Vientiane				
1	Nam Lik-Kasy	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
2	Nam Lik-Hinheup	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
3	Nam Song-Vang Vieng	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
4	Nam Ngum-Na Luang	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat (Available)	Cable
5	Nam Ngum-Pakkangung	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat (Available)	Cable
6	Nam Sane-Bolikhan	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
7	Nam Ngiep-Muang Mai	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
8	Nam Thuen-Signo	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
9	Sebangfai-Mahaxay	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat (Available)	Cable

# List of Discharge Measurements (cont.)

	III.Savannakhet				Cable
1	SeChamphone-Donghen	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable
2	Se ChamphoneKengkok	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable
3	Se Xangxoy-Phalane	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable
4	Se Thamouak-Highway Bridge	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable
5	Sebanghiang-Sopnam	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
6	Se Banghiang- Ban Kengdone	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat	Cable
7	Sepol-Muang Chan	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable
8	Se Lanong-Muang Nong	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable
9	Se Bangfai-Highway Bridge	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat (N/A)	Cable

#### List of Discharge Measurements (cont.)

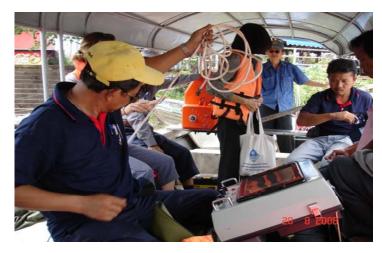
	IV. Pakse Centre					
1	Mekong – Pakse	WAD	Neyrpic	Boat	Sextant	Cable
2	Huay gnang – Km8 (Pakse)	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
3	Huay champy-Ban Itou	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
4	Huay Tomo-Ban Tomo	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
5	Huay Bang Khamouane	WAD	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
6	Se Don - Khong Sedon	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
7	Se Don-Souvannakhili	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
8	Se Don - Saravan	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable
9	Se Kong - Attapeu	DMH	Gurley 622	Boat		Cable

# Join Lao-Thai discharge measurement Along Mekong River and Nam Huang



- Mekong at TonePhueng/Chiangsea n
- 2. Nam Huang at Ban KhonePhueng/Ban PakHouei
- 3. Mekong at Thanaleng/NonKhai
- 4. Mekong at Sanakham/Chiangkhan

#### Join Lao-Thai discharge measurement (cont)





- 5. Mekong at
  Thakhek/Nakhonepha
  nom
- Mekong at Savannakhet/Mukdah an
- 7. Mekong at Mekong at
  Ban
  MaiSinsamphane/Khon
  gChiam

# Water Level Gauging station (AWLR)





# 3. Sediment Sampling



- Method: On 2 points integration
- The two points are the relative depths 0.2 and 0.8 of the vertical.
- The calculation of total water discharge
- The water discharge representing each vertical are recorded on the datasheet

# 3. Sediment Sampling (cont.)





- Sediment samples are collected at the same time with the measurement
- at three verticals by using a depthintegrating suspended sediment sampler

#### 3. Sediment Sampling (cont)





- Samples are taken with US D-49,
   US P-46 and P-61 equipments
- Taken samples were send to Laboratory office in Vientiane for analysis

# 3. Sediment Sampling (cont)





#### List of sediment sampling station and frequency

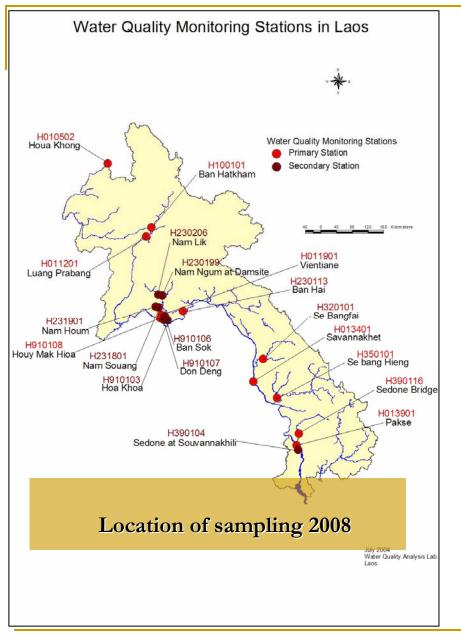
River-Station	Agency	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Total
Mekong- Luangphabang	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
NamOu-Muang Ngoy	WAD	1	1	1	5	5	12	5	3	1	1	35
Nam Khan-Pakbak	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
Nam Ou-Ban Fai	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
NamNgum- Pakkanhung	DMH	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
Nam Lik-Hinheup	DMH	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
NamNgum-Naluang	DMH	1	1	1	5	5	12	5	3	1	1	35
Sebangfai-Mahaxay	DWH	1	1	1	5	5	12	5	3	1	1	35
Nam Theun-Signo	DMH	1	1	1	5	5	12	5	3	1	1	35
Sechamphone-Kenkok	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
Sebanghiang- Kengdone	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
Mekong-Savannakhet	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
Mekong-Pakse	WAD	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	13
Sedon-Souvannakhili	DMH	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	<del>13</del>

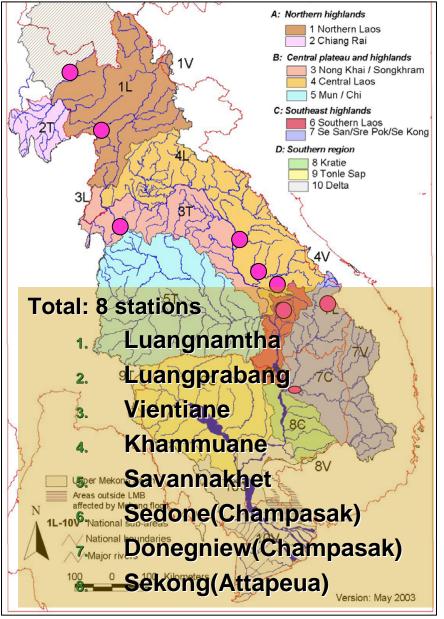
### 3. Sediment Sampling (cont)





■ Total of Sediment sampling station: 14





# 4. Data archiving and analyzing

 All data received at DMH are checked and input into computers for archiving and for analyzing;

Using of HYMOS 3.1 and HYMOS 4.50

Data are stored in a Sub-database MEKO.CAT

#### 4. Data Transmission

- The transmission of data from stations and regional center to Vientiane head office are by:
  - Manual collection;
  - Manual by public post, telephone
  - Or HF radio transceiver
  - > Email, Mobile phone
  - > HYDMET software

#### 6. Conclusion and Recommendations

#### 1. Conclusion

- Management and operation of hydro-meteorological network under the Department of Meteorology and hydrology (DMH) are satisfactory, and capable of carrying out the activities by their own personnel.
- In the field work, some have experience in station installation, survey and discharge measurement and sediment sampling.
- We were closely cooperation with Thailand in discharge and Sediment sampling along the Mekong River.

#### 6. Conclusion and Recommendations (cont.)

1. Conclusion (cont.)

In conclusion, some main problems are still remaining as follows:

- a) Financial support for field operation
- b) Personnel training
- c) Equipment and logistic facilities

#### 6. Conclusion and Recommendations (cont.)

- 2. Recommendations
  For improving of discharge and sediment monitoring we are recommended:
  - 1. Technical Assistance in using of high technology
  - 2. Training on data analysing and processing

#### 6. Conclusion and Recommendations (cont.)

#### 3. Equipment needs

- Full set of measuring equipment for each center, Luang phabang, Vientiane, Thakhek, Savannakhet, Pakse.
- Boat and boat engine
- Logistics facilities
- Computer and Hardware
- ADCP (Aquatic Doppller Current Profiler) for Luang phabang and Pakse
- Laboratory (Sediment and Water quality)

Station-Name	River	Pro	Proposed equipment					
		Name	Туре	Qty				
Luang Phabang	Mekong	Current meter	OSS B1	1				
		Winch (automatic)	LATROBE	1				
		Counter meter	Valeport	1				
		Echo-sounder	RayTheon type	1				
			OTT	1				
			ROTERDAM	1				
		Aluminium boat		1				
		Boat Engine	YAMAHA 55 hp	1				
		Battery	70 AMP	1				
		Sediment Sampler		1				

Station-Name	River	Pro	Remark		
		Name	Type	Qty	
Thakhek (Join Discharge Meansurement)	Mekong	Current meter	OSS B1	1	
		Winch (automatic)	LATROBE	1	
		Counter meter	Valeport	1	
		Echo-sounder	RayTheon type	1	
		Single weigh 68 kg	OTT	1	
		Sextant positioning	ROTERDAM	1	
		Battery	70 AMP	1	

Station- Name	River	Prop	Remark		
		Name	Туре	Qty	1
	Mekong	Current meter	OSS B1	1	
		ADCP		1	
		Winch (automatic)	LATROBE	1	
		Counter meter	Valeport	1	
		Echo-sounder	RayTheon type	1	
		Single weigh 68 kg	OTT	1	
		Sextant positioning	ROTERDAM	1	
		Battery	70 AMP	1	
		Sediment Sampler		1	

