Table 14. Causal Chain Analysis – Fisheries Problems.

Issue/Concern	Fundamental Problem/ Driver	Priority	Trend	Primary Cause(s)	Secondary Cause(s)	Tertiary Cause(s)	Quaternary Cause(s)	Root Cause(s)
Decline in landings of many traditional commercially-important species and increased landings of low value species (including changes in	raditional rcially- ant species and ed landings of ue species ing changes in			Overexploitation of target fish	Deficiencies in management and control of fisheries activities	Over capacity of fishing fleets	Lack of alternative livelihood	Problem is being addressed through buy-back programs and re-training, but is not complete.
			species			Insufficient monitoring and enforcement	Lack of compliance assurance procedures	
dominant species)					Deficiencies in fisheries stock management (Lack of comprehensive and effective system of fisheries stock management)	Weak scientific-based knowledge of ecosystem processes	Insufficient support for, and guidance of, education and research	Insufficient recognition of the limits to sustainable natural resource exploitation
				Climatic change				See Ecosystem causal chain
				Over-intensive mariculture	Unguided/unchecked increased in demand for seafood as the result of changing lifestyle		Inadequate controls and regulations for maricultural development	
Unsustainable maricultural practices  Unsustainable development of coastal zone	development of			Limited and variable natural food supply	Variation of environmental conditions (e.g., primary productivity) combined with overintensive maricultural activities	Insufficient knowledge of carrying capacity		
				Environmental consequences of releases of nutrients,	Overfeeding, inadequate effluent treatment, poor quality	Insufficient application of environmental friendly techniques and considerations		
				bacterial, viral and faecal matter and food residues from mariculture	of feed	of carrying capacity		
			Potential impacts on human health	Chemical and pharmaceutical residues in farmed organisms	Inappropriate use of chemicals in mariculture and frequent algal blooms	Insufficient application of environmental friendly techniques and environmental changes		
				Effects of natural toxins generated by harmful algal blooms (HABs)			See Pollution causal chain	

Fisheries and Biodiversity

Table 15. Causal Chain Analysis – Biodiversity Problems.

Issue/Concern	Fundamental Problem/ Driver	Priority	Trend	Primary Cause(s)	Secondary Cause(s)	Tertiary Cause(s)	Quaternary Cause(s)	Root Cause(s)
Loss of Biodiversity	Habitat Loss			Land reclamation	Increase in demand for coastal lands			Growth-driver (economic) policies
	Loss of wildlife			By-catch, unsustainable use, invasive species, illegal catch.				Inadequate regulatory infrastructure or enforcement.
	Habitat modification			Gaps in MPA planning / marine spatial planning				
				Aquatculture	Increase in the demand for fishery products			Rising standard of living, population increase, decrease in natural and commercial species.
				Reduced river flows	Increase in water use, damming.	Water demand increase.		Economic and population growth.
				Construction of artificial structures	Increase in demand for coastal infrastructure,			Economic growth and tourism demand
					Coastal disaster prevention			Climate change results in increased coastal disasters.
					Energy demand			Improved standard of living.
					Sea level rise	Global warming		Fossil fuel consumption, deforestation, increase in agricultural land.
	Changes in community structure (shift of			Eutrophication	Increase in nutrient input.	Urbanization, fertilizer use, deforestation.		Inadequate controls on growth.
e	ecosystem)			Pollution	Increase in pollutant input			Population growth, poor sewage treatment, economic growth, livestock farming, antibiotics and pesticides.
				Introduced species	Ballast water Intentional introduction of alien species			Inadequate enforcement.  Aquaculture, blue carbon, land growth.
				By-catch and accidental injuries.				Decrease in profit margin, increase in demand, population growth.
	Benthic habitat loss			Littering of benthic habitat with wastes	Inappropriate solid waste disposal practices	Poor compliance with regulations	Lack of public awareness	Development being undertaken with limited comprehensiveness and
	Coastal shoreland habitat loss			Land reclamation	Rapid industrial and social development in the coastal zone	Development undertaken without full understanding of the consequences	Deficiencies in comprehensive development planning	coherence in the legislative basis for environmental and biodiversity protection
	Pollution			Domestic and industrial waste discharges	Growth of urban conurbations and associated industry in the coastal zone	Development undertaken without full understanding of the consequences	Deficiencies in comprehensive development planning	coupled with poor enforcement and inadequate public information

Habitat loss and	Loss of habitat in estuaries/deltas			-Reductions in river discharge -Sediment impoverishment (?!) Changes in locations and amounts of river discharge	River basin development (construction of dams for water impoundment and power generation)  River diversion schemes  Increasing demand for seafood	Pressure for hinterland development, power production, irrigation and improved water supplies  Lifestyle changes and increased	Development undertaken without full understanding of the consequences  Population growth and	
degradation				aquaculture ponds for shrimp and crab (from recent years only), etc.	Demand for job opportunities	desire for a plentiful and affordable supply of seafood  Social development with increased personal aspirations	increased affluence	
	Habitat conversion			Reclamation for salt production	Increasing demand for edible salt  Increasing demand for chemical products	Rapidly growing population  Requirement for more chemical products for rapidly growing population		
	Habitat degradation			Degradation and fragmentation of habitat due to natural change and human activities	Indiscriminate local and community development  Climatic change	Local development undertaken without full understanding of the consequences	Deficiencies in comprehensive development planning	See Pollution Causal Chain
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Issue/Concern	Fundamental Problem/ Driver	Priority	Trend	Primary Cause(s)	Secondary Cause(s)	Tertiary Cause(s)	Quaternary Cause(s)	Root Cause(s)
Changes in species abundance and diversity	Problem/	Priority	Trend	l -	•	_		
Changes in species abundance and	Problem/ Driver  Decline in vulnerable	Priority	Trend	Cause(s)  Overhunting  Unsustainable egg	Cause(s)  Sustainability not considered by	Cause(s)  High demand for food including the continuation of traditional exploitation	Cause(s)  Continuation of traditional practices without regard for consequences of increased	Cause(s)  Deficiencies in policy and regulation of traditional natural resource exploitation practices and inadequate public
Changes in species abundance and	Problem/ Driver  Decline in vulnerable	Priority	Trend	Cause(s)  Overhunting  Unsustainable egg harvest  Destruction of reproductive, resting and feeding habitat especially coastal	Cause(s)  Sustainability not considered by local harvesters  Lack of consideration of species protection in social and economic development	Cause(s)  High demand for food including the continuation of traditional exploitation practices  Inadequate balance between developmental aspirations and the need to protect the	Cause(s)  Continuation of traditional practices without regard for consequences of increased production  Deficiencies in comprehensive development	Cause(s)  Deficiencies in policy and regulation of traditional natural resource exploitation practices and inadequate public information  Development being undertaken in the absence of comprehensive and coherent legislation for environmental and biodiversity protection combined with poor enforcement of existing

				Destruction of reproductive (?) habitat	Lack of consideration of species protection in social and economic development practices	Inadequate balance between developmental aspirations and the need to protect the environment and biodiversity	Deficiencies in comprehensive development planning	Development being undertaken in the absence of comprehensive and coherent legislation for environmental and biodiversity protection combined with poor enforcement of existing legislation
Changes in species abundance and diversity (Continued)				Overexploitation	Sustainability not considered by local harvesters	Inadequate controls on natural resource exploitation practices	Continuation of traditional practices without regard for consequences of increased production	Deficiencies in policy and regulation of traditional natural resource exploitation practices and inadequate public information
	Decline in anadromous and catadromous fish and mammals (Continued) suggest to only include mammals, i.e. spotted seal and finless porpoises, and exclude fishes.)			Spawning/migrati on route blocked by dams  Accidental injury	Construction of river barrages without adequate consideration of environmental and biodiversity consequences  Increased maritime transport	Inadequate balance between developmental aspirations and the need to protect the environment and biodiversity	Deficiencies in comprehensive development planning	Development being undertaken in the absence of comprehensive and coherent legislation for environmental and biodiversity protection
				By-catch	Inappropriate fishing practices	Inadequate controls on fishing practices	Deficiencies in fisheries management	combined with poor enforcement of existing legislation  Weak enforcement of controls on fishing activities
	Decline in vulnerable species e.g., Hemichordata, Polychaete,			Physical destruction by bottom trawling	Inappropriate fishing practices	Inadequate controls on fishing practices	Deficiencies in fisheries management	Development being undertaken in the absence of comprehensive and coherent legislation for
	Brachiopoda,, mollusca and shrimp (difference in scope with species, please delete). Can list lancelet. Suggest to make reference to the redlist		Overexploitation of species  Destruction of spawning, nursery and overwintering grounds	Inadequate recognition of the importance of habitat protection to the maintenance of environmental quality and amenities and to biodiversity protection	Increased population and increased affluence  Social and economic development considerations outweighing environmental and biodiversity protection concerns	Deficiencies in fisheries management	environmental and biodiversity protection coupled with poor enforcement of existing legislation and inadequate public information	
	Loss of species and			Loss of habitat	Climatic change			See Pollution Causal Chain
	Decline of endemic pelagic and demersal fish species (irrelevant)			Overexploitation of marine and coastal living resources	degradation)  Overfishing			See Fisheries Causal Chain
	Introduction of xenobiotic (alien) species			Hull and ballast water transport of non-indigenous organisms	Marine transport	Inadequate control and regulation of ballast water collection and discharge		As yet, limited implementation of the provisions of the Ballast Water Convention